



Optiform™ Technologies – A Fit-for-Purpose Solution to Solid-State Issues

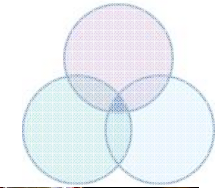
David Igo
Director, Optiform™ Technologies
Catalent Pharma Solutions

AAPS 2010, New Orleans, LA
November 15-17, 2010

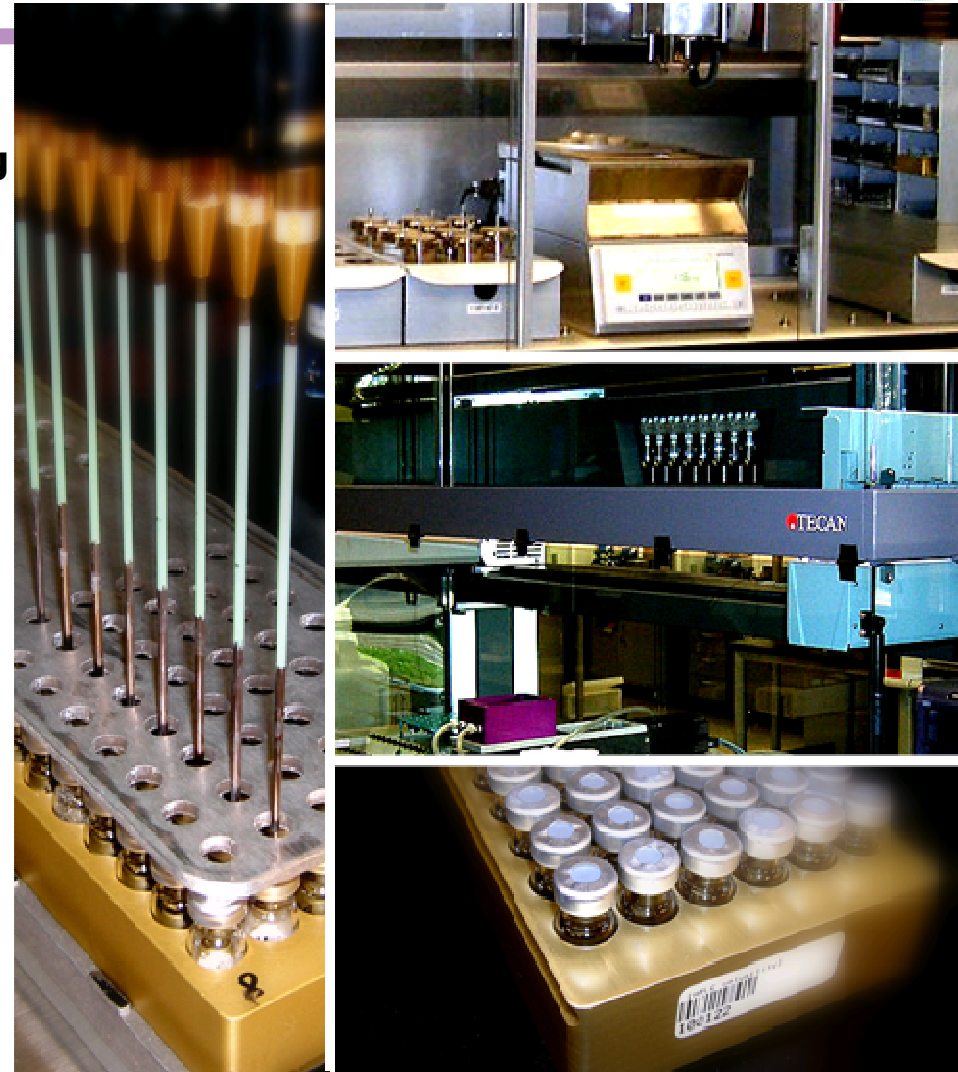


more products. better treatments. reliably supplied.™

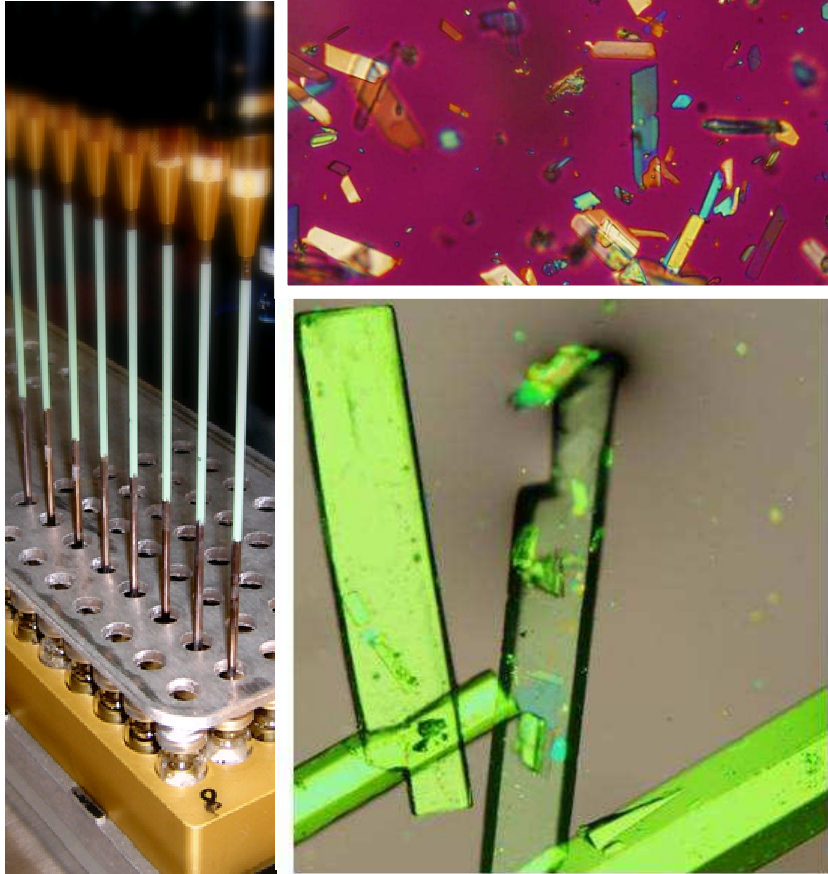
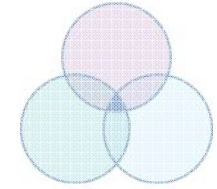
Optiform™ Technologies



- **High-throughput platform for salt, crystal-form, and cocrystal screening**
- **Developed and refined over the past ten years within GlaxoSmithKline**
- **Applied to more than 500 compounds, spanning from early stage lead compounds through launched products**
- **Team of scientists with diverse backgrounds**
 - Analytical Chemistry
 - Synthetic Chemistry
 - Physical Chemistry
 - Materials Science
 - Crystal Engineering
 - Pharmaceutical Sciences
 - Automation and Software Development

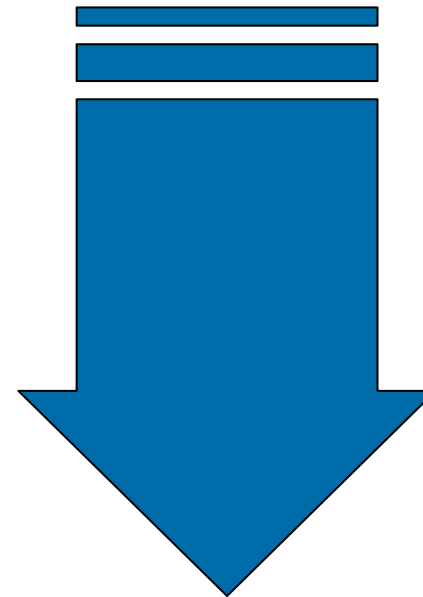


Optiform™ Technologies



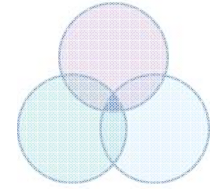
- High-Throughput Platform
- Proven Screening Workflows
- Material Efficient

Optimizes API Performance
Enables Robust Manufacturing
Enhances Profitability



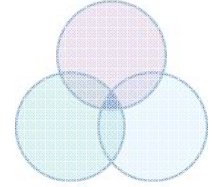
Faster to Market

Optimized API Performance



-
- Increase solubility - optimized *in-vivo* performance - speeds assessment of safety and efficacy
 - Optimized shelf-life; Stability
 - Hygroscopicity
 - Particle attributes – shape/habit and size-distribution
 - Bulk attributes – density and flow

Enabling Robust Manufacturing Operations



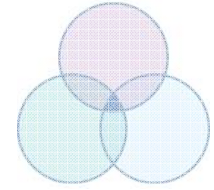
Drug Substance/API

- **Consistent production of suitable/stable salt.**
- **Knowledge of form space enables design of more reliable crystallization processes.**
 - Avoiding problematic forms
 - Operating in a region where desired form is most-stable
- **Optimized yield and purity.**

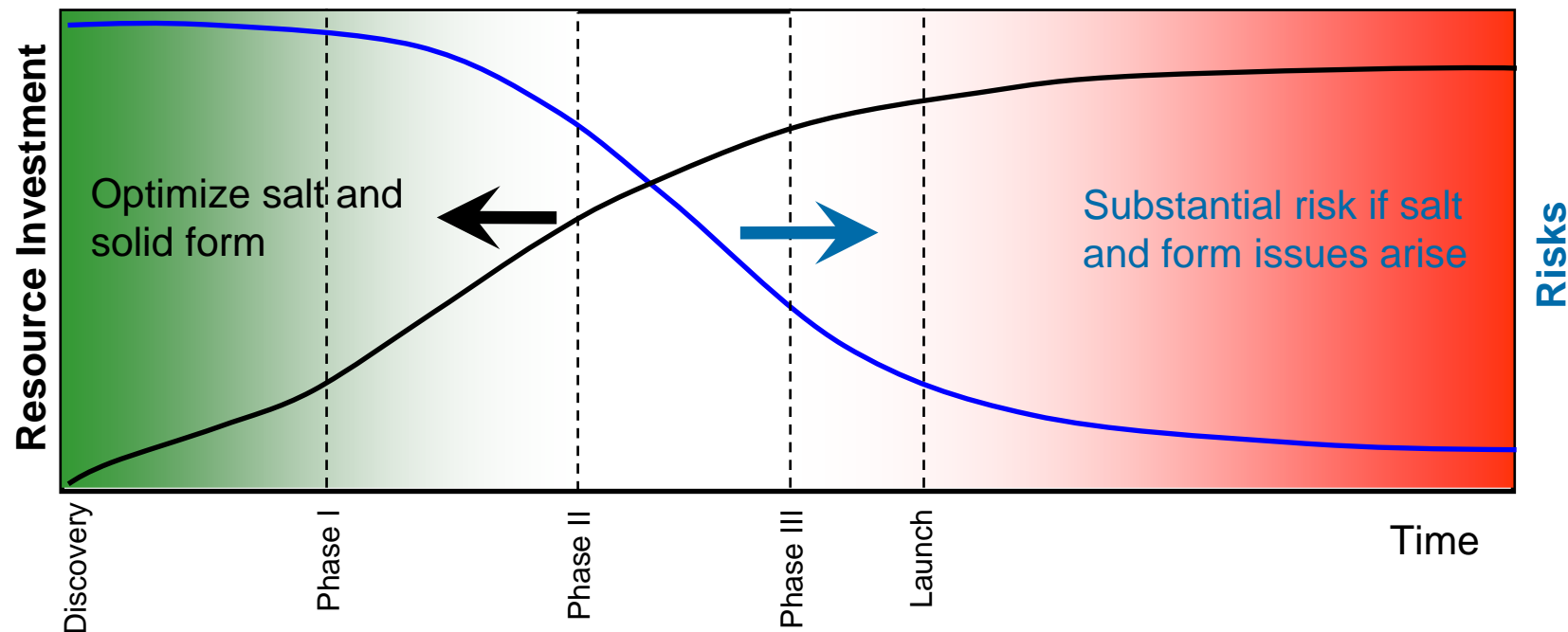
Drug Product

- **Salt and crystal-form compatible with formulation.**
- **Salt and form stable during manufacturing operation (e.g., compression, wet-granulation)**

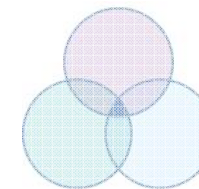
Enhancing Profitability - Reducing costs and risks



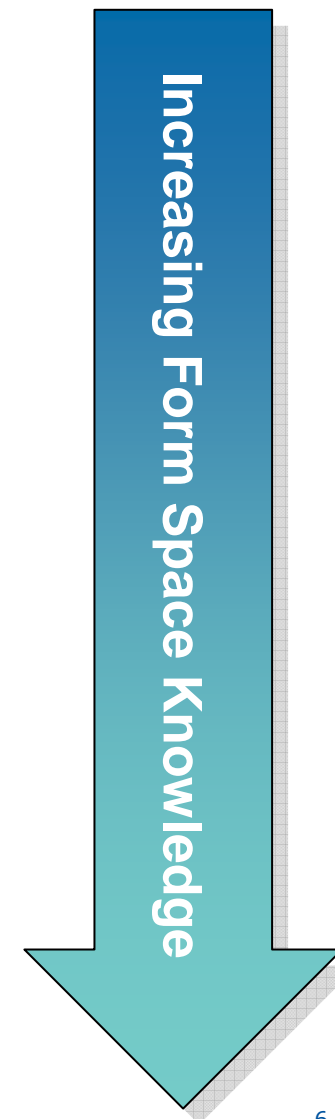
- **Product development usually costs 30-35% of overall cost of developing a drug**
- **Optimizing salt and form early in the development process can significantly reduce potential risks and contribute to overall cost savings**



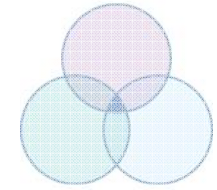
Crystal Form Screen



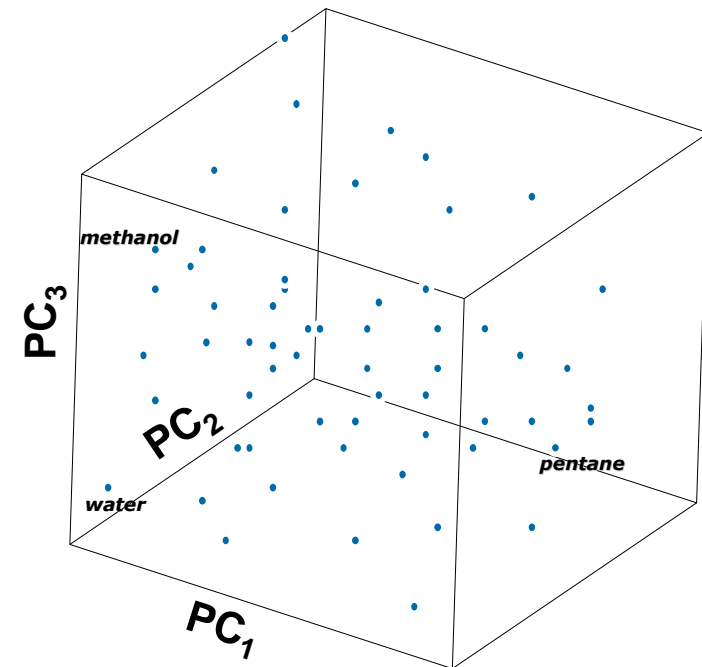
Stage	Development Goal
EARLY (Lead to Candidate Selection)	Lead optimization and selection <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Crystallizing previously amorphous material (to support PK/BA assessment). • Produce crystalline material to enable purification and isolation. • cursory glance at crystal-form space
MID (Prior to DRF, 28 day GLP tox, FTIH studies)	Early Development <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discovery of important crystalline forms (e.g., anhydrous, hydrated, and solvated). • Assessing form-relationships (e.g., kinetic and thermodynamic) • Recommend suitable form for development. • Evaluate impact on bioavailability and formulation
MID-LATE Post-FTIH	API and Drug Product Process Development <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify and evaluate forms that may present risk to process (e.g., forms stable at process temperatures and conditions; metastable forms) • Perform risk-assessment employing metastable forms (e.g., seeding studies)
LATE (post-POC, Phase II)	Process and IP Protection <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Comprehensive evaluation of form space • Process risk-assessment. • Identifying product line extension opportunities • Evaluate and strengthen intellectual property



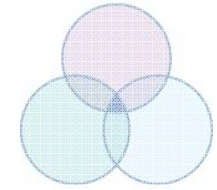
Crystal Form Screen Design Strategy



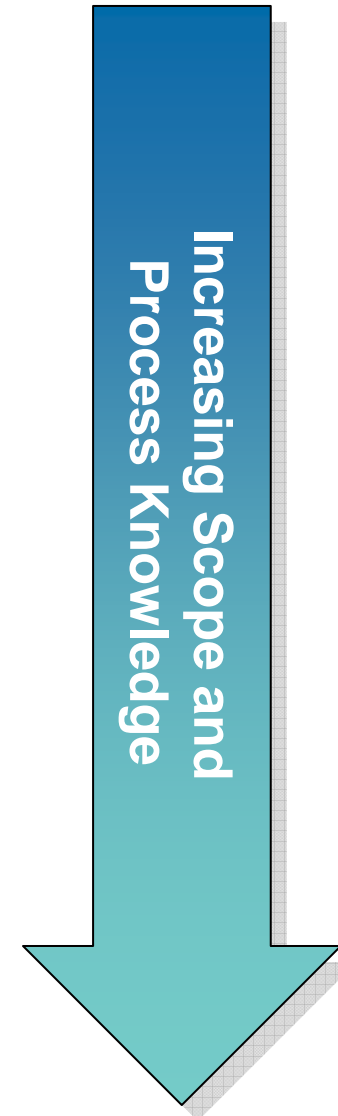
- **Rigorous experimental design that is customizable for each API.**
- **Predicted solubility to achieve a diverse solvent set in the design.**
- **Variety of high-throughput crystallization modes:**
 - Thermal treatment
 - Isothermal
 - Cycling
 - Cooling
 - Evaporative
 - Antisolvent Addition
 - Vapor Diffusion



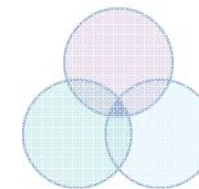
Salt Screening



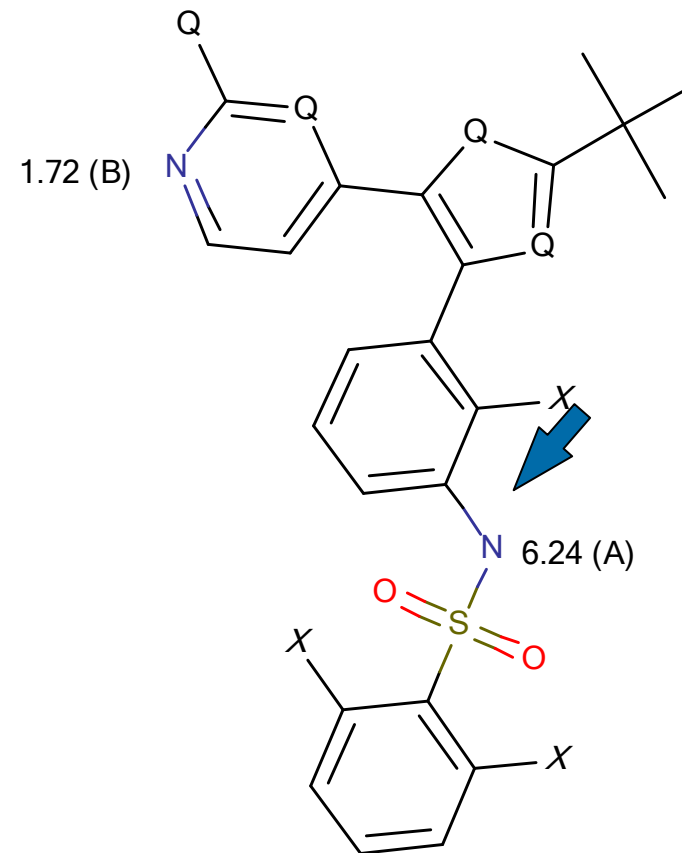
Stage	Development Goal
EARLY (Lead to Candidate Selection)	Lead optimization and selection (material limitations) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enhancing solubility/bioavailability to support PK and tox studies. Optimize physical properties. Optimize developability attributes (e.g., stability, hygroscopicity, dosing compatibility).
MID (Prior to DRF, 28 day GLP tox, FTIH studies)	Early Development <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Optimized salt form identified to support DRF and GLP tox. Compatible with FTIH formulation. Can be reproducibly obtained from API process.
LATE (post-POC, Phase II)	API and Drug Product Process Development <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A salt decision may be revisited if the existing salt proves too problematic to progress or a new formulation is required.
LAUNCH	IP Protection <ul style="list-style-type: none"> A careful evaluation of the salt should be done around the time the product is going to be launched to ensure that relevant IP is protected. Exploration of possible product line extension should also commence. This may require a more thorough salt screen



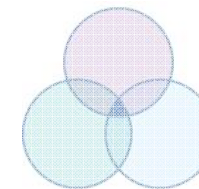
Salt Screen Design Strategy



- The chemical structure and pK_a of the parent are inspected
- Solubility and stability at different pH values & in different organic solvents are assessed
- The details of the formulation design such as route of administration, projected human doses, desired dosage form are used to direct the selection of counter-ions that will be employed



Cocrystal Screening and Design Strategy

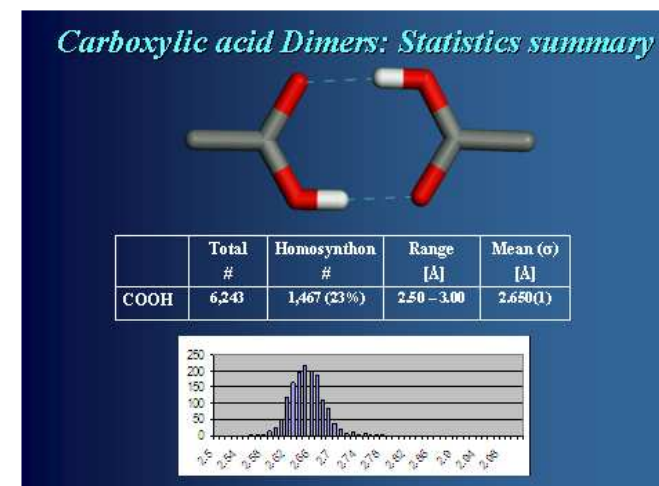
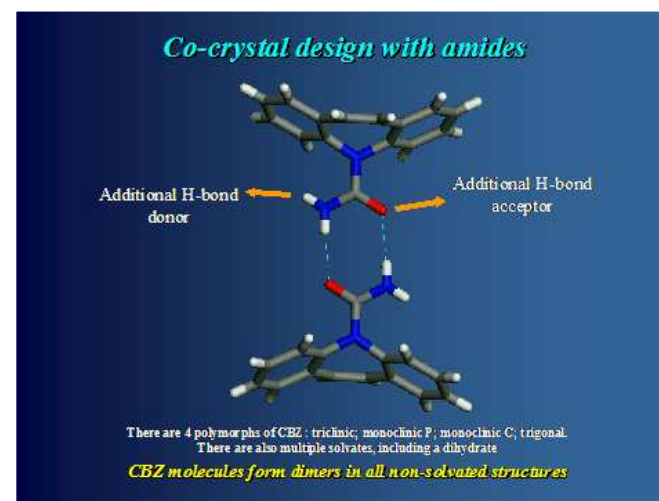


Strategic

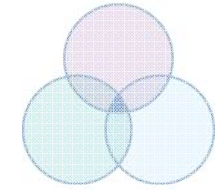
- Provides an option for enhancing kinetic solubility and increase in BA
- Applicable to non-ionizable and ionizable compounds and salts
- Opportunities for lifecycle management.

Technical

- Literature data and queries in structural databases can advise on potential for forming stable structural motifs
- Various approaches (e.g., solvent-drop grinding, evaporation) have shown effectiveness in inducing cocrystallization
- Manual and high-throughput modes



Screens Optimized to Maximize Success



Solvents are selected based on a selection criteria

Experiment Type	Slurry
Min Solubility	
Max Solubility	
Min Solubility Ratio	
Max BP	
Excl Similar Solvent Binaries	
Antisolvent	

Select Experiment Type

Experiment Type: Vapor Diffusion

Minimum Solubility: 0.050 mg/g

Maximum Solubility: 10.000 mg/g

Min Solubility Ratio: 300.000

Max BP: 150 deg C

Exclude Binaries of Similar Solvents:

OK

Solvent 1	Solvent 2	Solubility in Solvent 1	Solubility in Solvent 2
water	water	0.054	0.054
nitromethane	nitromethane	6.296	6.296
chlorobenzene	chlorobenzene	3.644	3.644
toluene	toluene	3.202	3.202
cyclohexane	cyclohexane	0.576	0.576
heptane	heptane	0.415	0.415

Recipe is converted to a design and executed in the lab

Position	Component	Volume
1	1 water	1000
2	2 nitromethane	1000
3	3 chlorobenzene	1000

Selection is finalized with priority applied towards unique solvent systems

Experiment Type	Slurry
Min Solubility	0.050 mg/g
Max Solubility	10.000 mg/g
Min Solubility Ratio	300.000 deg C
Excl Similar Solvent Binaries	TRUE
Antisolvent	None

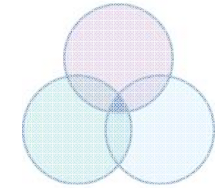
Position	Component	Volume
11	10 tetrachloroethylene	1000
12	11 hexane	1000
13	12 p-xylene	1000
14	13 isopropyl ether	1000
15	14 1,2-dichloroethane	1000
16	15 carbon tetrachloride	1000
17	16 ethylene glycol	1000
18	17 methylcyclohexane	1000
19	18 1,1,1-trichloroethane	1000
20	19 1-octanol	1000

Selection is converted to a recipe

Solvent 1	Solvent 2	Select	Includ	Solubility	Solubility in Solvent 1	Solubility in Solvent 2
water	water	YES	Yes	0.054	0.054	0.054
nitromethane	nitromethane	YES	Yes	6.296	6.296	6.296
chlorobenzene	chlorobenzene	YES	Yes	3.644	3.644	3.644
toluene	toluene	YES	Yes	3.202	3.202	3.202
cyclohexane	cyclohexane	YES	Yes	0.576	0.576	0.576
heptane	heptane	YES	Yes	0.415	0.415	0.415
carbon disulfide	carbon disulfide	YES	Yes	0.818	0.818	0.818
anisole	anisole	YES	Yes	4.059	4.059	4.059
trichloroethene	trichloroethene	YES	Yes	2.373	2.373	2.373

Seamless interface between design and execution.

Computationally Assisted Data Analysis and Visualization Enhances Speed



Processing

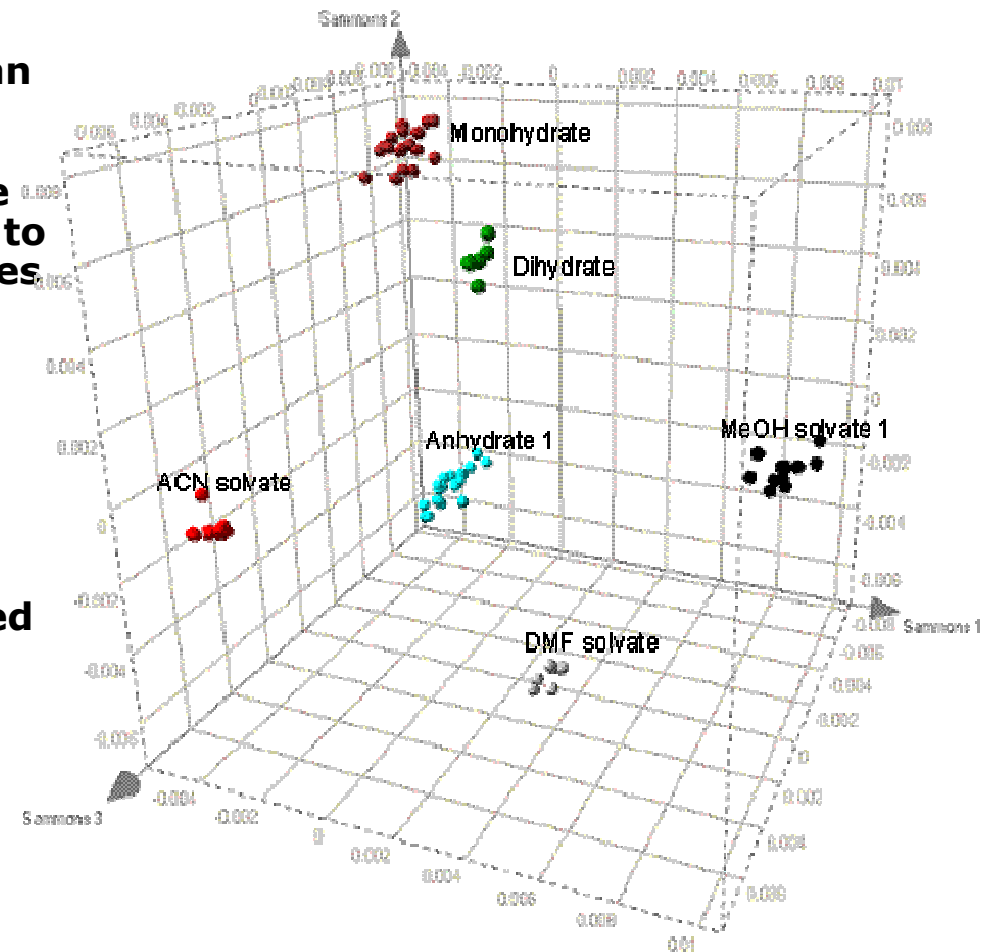
Initial clustering and sorting of FT-Raman spectra is primarily using unsupervised clustering algorithm. The custom tool utilizes multivariate principal component analysis (PCA) to distinguish subtle spectral differences

Visualization

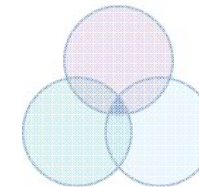
Clusters created in the initial step are visualized and closely inspected to reveal the relationships between samples

Validation

Representatives of clusters are identified for 2nd tier analysis

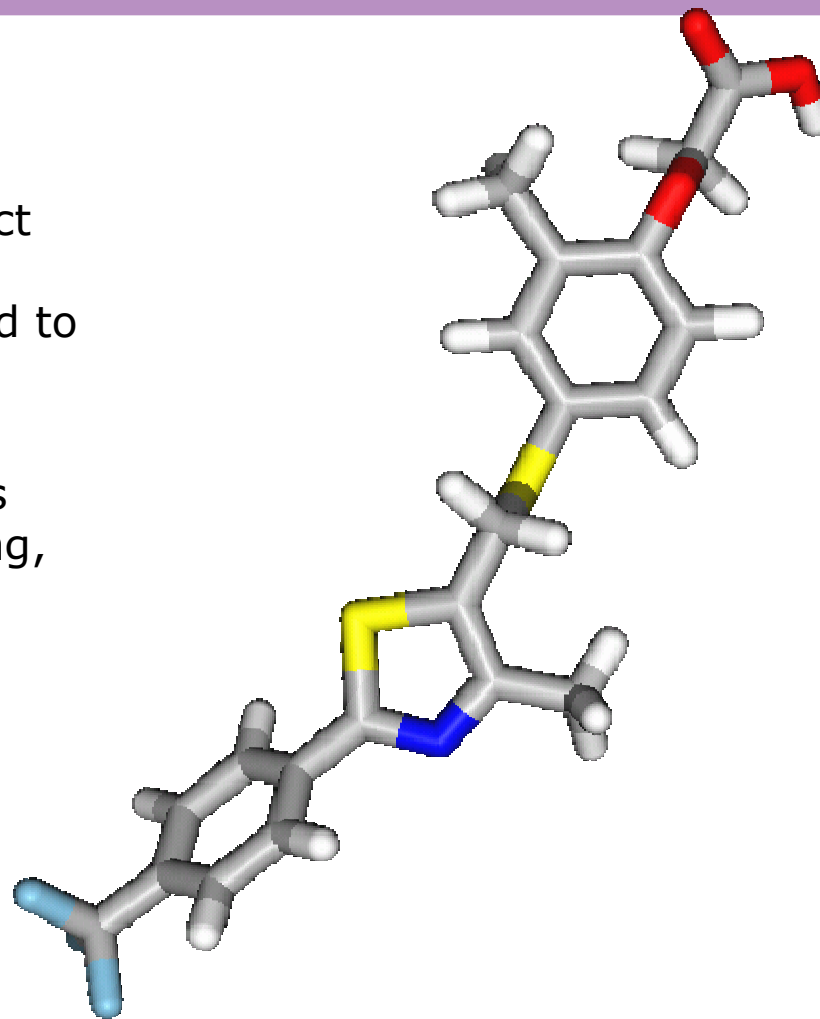


Case Study: Crystal Form Screen

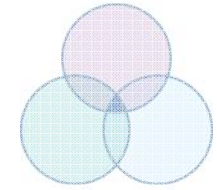


Objective: Examine form space of an API with moderate flexibility and MW

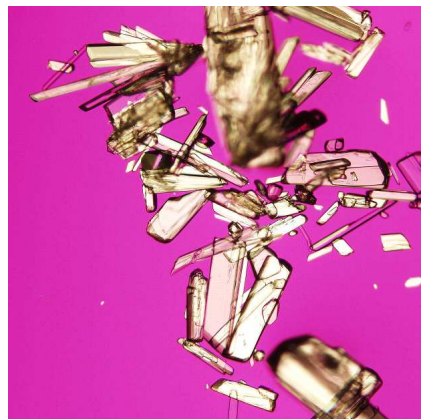
- API has several heteroatoms that can act as H-bond donors and acceptors thus propensity for polymorphism is expected to be high
- Screen was performed using 48 solvent systems and three crystallization modes (thermal treatments/temperature-cycling, evaporation, rapid cooling)



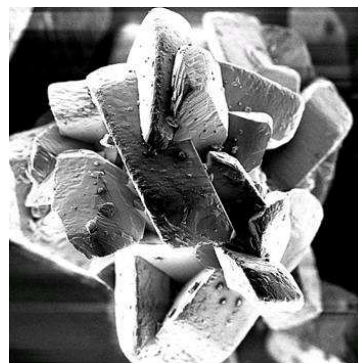
Case Study: Crystal Form Screen



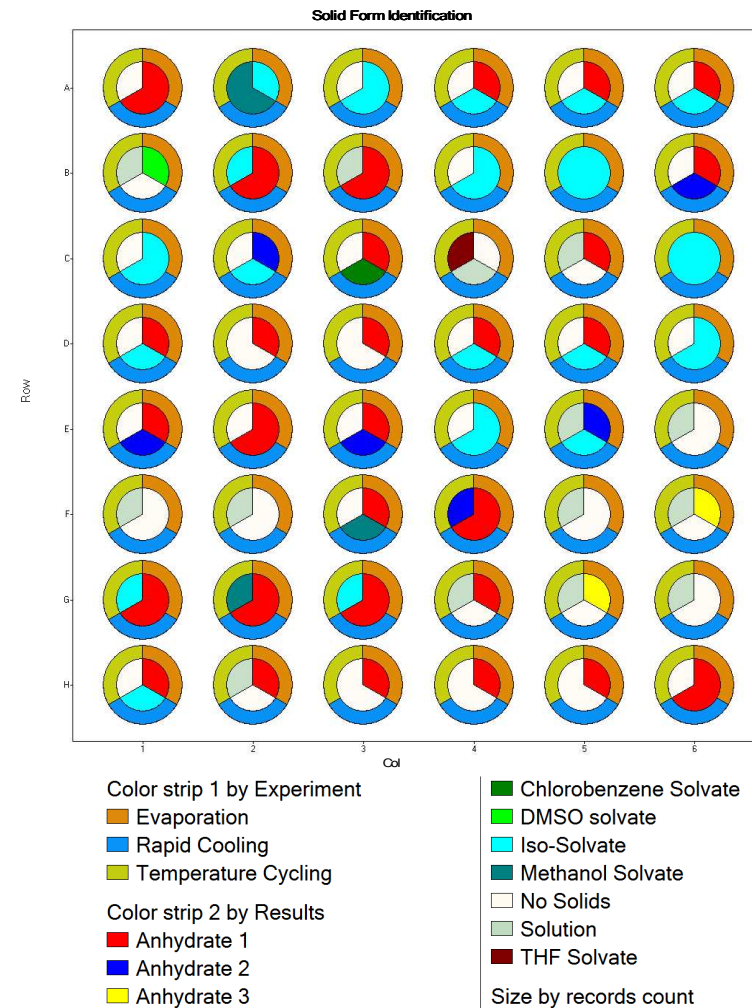
- **Several non-solvated forms discovered**
- **Series of isostructural solvates as well as distinct solvates have also been obtained**



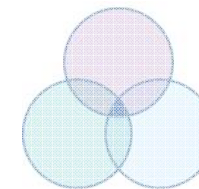
**DMF solvate
(Isostructural Solvate)**



**Form 1
(non-solvated)**

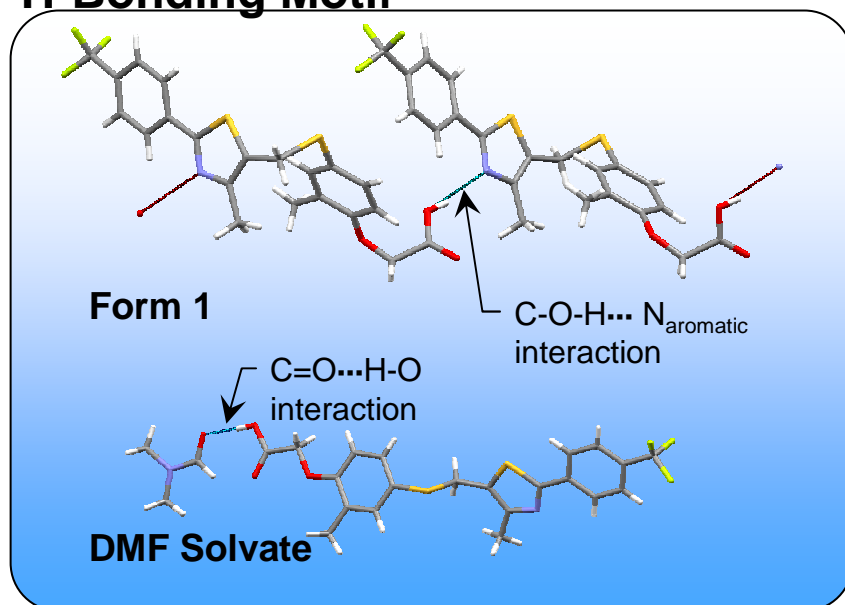


Case Study: Single Crystal Structures

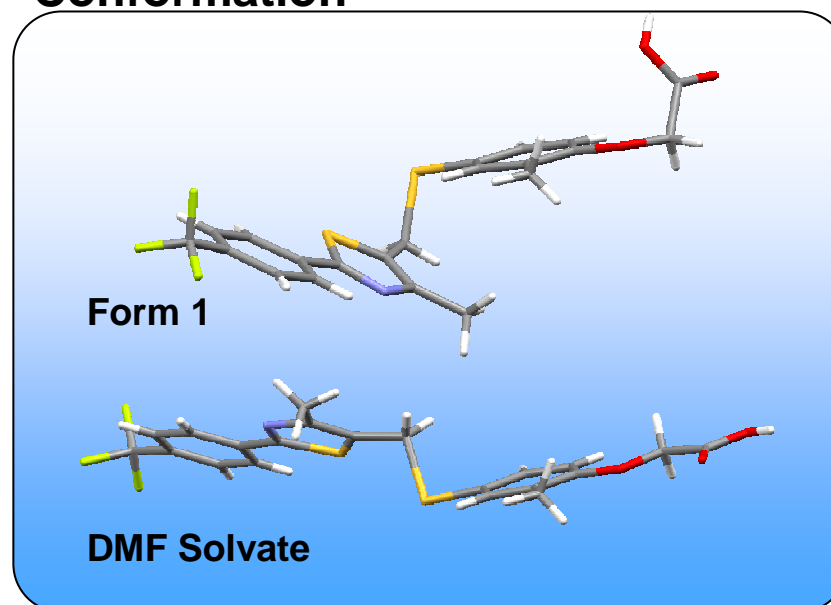


- **Form 1** - intermolecular H-bonding motif involving **C-O-H...N(aromatic)** interaction.
- **DMF solvate** - **C=O...H-O** interaction replaces H-bonding motif
- The propensity for H-bonding could explain the occurrence of several solvates involving solvents that can interact via H-bonds.

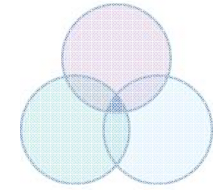
H-Bonding Motif



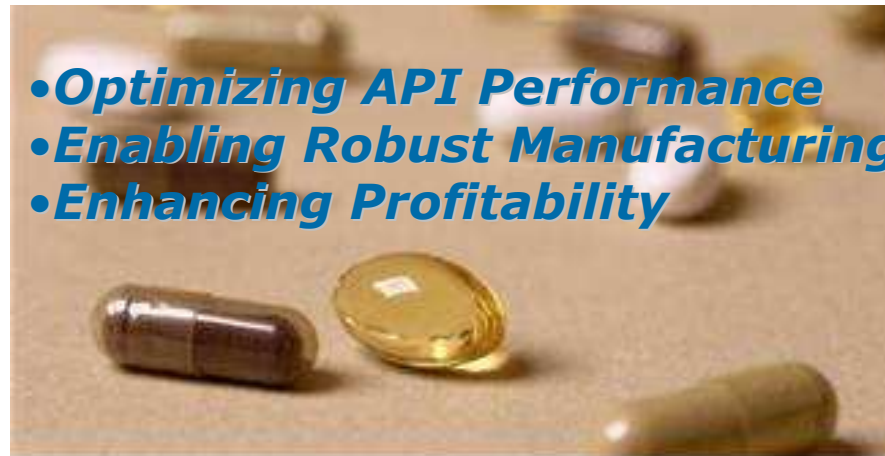
Conformation



Optiform™ Technologies



- **HT platform for salt, crystal-form, and co-crystal discovery**
- **Team of diverse and experienced scientists**
- **Industry-proven workflows**





discover more.

CATALENT PHARMA SOLUTIONS

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DEVELOPMENT



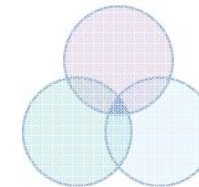
DELIVERY



SUPPLY

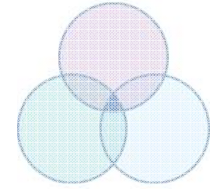
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Instrumentation



- **X-Ray Diffraction**
 - PanAnalytical X ' Pert Pro Diffractometer
 - Variable temperature and humidity capabilities
 - Multi-sample
 - Bruker D8
 - with area detector for automated well-plate analysis
- **Vibrational Spectroscopy**
 - 3 Thermo-Nicolet FT-Raman benches with micro-sampling capabilities
 - Mid-IR spectrophotometers for ATR, thermogravimetric and microspectroscopy applications
 - Dispersive Raman spectrophotometer for microspectroscopy
- **Thermal Analysis Equipment**
 - Differential scanning calorimeters with modulated capabilities
 - Thermogravimetric analysis with inline mid-IR analysis
- **Dynamic Vapor Sorption Analysis**
 - Multiple sample parallel operation
- **HPLC**
- **Lyophilizers** (up to ~10g)
- **Scales of operation** (up to 1L)
- **Microscopy**
 - Polarized light microscopes with hot-stage
 - Stereoscopes
- **Automated Sample Preparation**
 - Tecan[®],¹ liquid-handling robots
 - Symyx/Autodose powder handling robots
 - Custom automation tools
- **Access to Catalent network**
 - Multi-nuclear NMR
 - Hyphenated mass spectrometric techniques
 - Dissolution testing
 - Formulation options to address unmet needs (Zydis[®] and Soft-gel capsules)
- **Access to offsite instruments**
 - Electron microscopy
 - Single crystal diffractometer

1 Tecan is a registered trademark of Tecan Group AG Corp.



- **Symyx^{®,1} Automation Suite**
 - Primarily used for designing and executing high-throughput screens
 - Custom widgets to enable custom workflows
- **Aspen Properties^{®,2}**
 - Solubility prediction via NRTL-SAC is incorporated in the crystal-form design
- **Data Analysis Suites**
 - Utilized for multivariate analysis and visualization of screening data

- Symyx is a registered trademark of Symyx Solutions, Inc.
- Aspen Properties is a registered trademark of Aspen Technology, Inc.